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PART IV.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. P. 2311, *dated Bangalore, 24th October* 1932.

Under Standing Order 49 of the Standing Orders for the conduct of business of the Mysore Legislative Council, the following report of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend the Mysore University Regulation is published for general information with the Bill as amended by them.

By Order,
N. MADHAVA RAO,
Chief Secretary to Government.

Report of the Select Committee appointed to consider the Bill to amend the Mysore University Regulation.

We, the undersigned members of the Select Committee to which the Bill to amend the Mysore University Regulation, 1916, as amended from time to time was referred, have considered the Bill and have the honour to submit this our report with the Bill as amended by us annexed hereto.

There were two meetings of the Committee on the 1st and 2nd August 1932 which were attended by all the members. We are in agreement with most of the provisions contained in the Bill. We advert in this report only

to the main changes effected by us in the Bill. Some other minor alterations which are mostly verbal have been indicated in the Bill annexed hereto.

The following notes on clauses explain the amendments we have made in the Bill :—

Clause 2.—Previous notice of the commencement of the new measure is necessary and we have accordingly revised this clause.

Clause 3.—The proposed definition of the expression "the constituent colleges" is restrictive and does not provide for future expansion, and we are of opinion that it should be wide enough to allow of new institutions coming under the control of the University. Accordingly, the words "and such other colleges in Mysore or in Bangalore as may be declared by the Government from time to time to be constituent colleges" are added at the end of the definition.

We also consider that it is desirable to include a definition of the word "University" and we have added the following to the definitions :—

"University" means the University of Mysore.

The definition of "University Professor" is revised as follows :—

"University Professor" means a Professor in the University appointed as University Professor by the Government.

Clause 6.—This Clause empowers the University as a body corporate to hold property and gives it the right to dispose of property. Clause 4 (2) gives it the right to sue and permits of its being sued. Valuable buildings and other immovable properties belonging to the Government have been placed at the disposal of the University. Government may transfer other immovable properties in the future. We consider it very essential that there should be a declaration in the Regulation that the University is only a trustee in respect of such properties transferred to it by the Government heretofore or hereafter and that these could be applied only for the purposes of this Regulation. We have accordingly inserted the following clause as sub-clause (2) to clause 6.

(2) All immovable property transferred to the University by the Government either prior to the coming into force of this Regulation or subsequent thereto shall be, under the direction, management and control of the

University, and applied by it as trustee subject to the provisions and for the purposes of this Regulation.

Clause 13 (1).—We consider that it is not necessary to allow the out-going Senate the privilege of electing members to the Senate and that the number of members to be elected by the Registered Graduates may be reduced to four. While it is necessary to secure the representative character of the Senate, it is at the same time desirable that it should include persons who evince an abiding interest in University Education and towards this end, we have revised the clause so as to throw open membership not only to Local Bodies but also to Associations and individuals under certain conditions. Accordingly, we have recast the clause as follows :—

(1) The Senate shall consist of

CLASS I.—*Ex-officio Members,*

(*a*) The Vice Chancellor and the other members of the Council mentioned in Section 14.

(*b*) The Registrar.

(*c*) The Deans of the Faculties.

(*d*) The University Professors.

CLASS II.—*Elected Members.*

(*e*) Four members elected by the Academic Council from among its members.

(*f*) Four members elected by registered graduates from among themselves.

(*g*) Four members elected by and from the Legislative Council.

(*h*) Eight members elected by and from the Representative Assembly.

CLASS III.—*Nominated Members.*

(*i*) Other members nominated by the Chancellor so as to make up along with members in classes I & II a total membership not exceeding seventy-five.

CLASS IV.—*Additional Members.*

(*j*) One representative of each of such municipalities, District Boards and Associations as undertake to contribute a sum of not less than Rs. 2,000 per annum for a period of not less than five years to the University Fund

for the general purposes of the University so long as the contributions continue to be paid

and

(*k*) Every person who contributes to the University Fund for the general purposes of the University a sum of not less than 10,000 rupees or transfers property of the like value. Every such person shall be a life member of the Senate.

Sub-Clause (2).—In consonance with the changes made in sub-clause (1), we have made some verbal alterations by the insertion of the words "coming under class II and the appointment of additional members under class IV" between the words "Senate" and "shall."

Sub-Clause 5.—We have added the words "except in such cases as are otherwise provided in the Statutes" at the beginning of the sub-clause in order to link the provisions in the Regulation with those in the statutes in regard to the tenure of members.

Sub-Clause 7.—The words "subject to the provisions of sections 20 and 21" have been inserted between the words 'shall' and 'have' as those sections lay down the conditions under which Statutes can be framed.

Sub-Clause 8.—We have inserted the words "which shall be placed before it by the Council" between the words "University" and "and" in order to indicate the authority responsible for preparing and placing before the Senate the report, etc.

Clause 14.—Sub-Clause (2):—We consider that the Council should consist of a number of persons who are not members of the Staff of the University. The decision of a majority of us is that all the Principals of the Constituent Colleges need not invariably be on the Council *ex-officio*, that it is sufficient if three of the heads of the constituent colleges be nominated and that the members to be nominated by the Chancellor be increased to five subject to the condition that not more than one of them be from the members of the Staff of the University. We have accordingly recast the clause as follows retaining the strength at 15 as proposed:

"The Council shall consist of fifteen members and shall include—

(*a*) The Vice-Chancellor;

(*b*) The Director of Public Instruction in Mysore;

(*c*) Three members elected by the Senate from

among its members who are not on the staff of the University;

(*d*) Two members elected from and by the Academic Council;

(*e*) Three heads of constituent colleges nominated by the Chancellor;

(*f*) Five other members nominated by the Chancellor of whom not more than one shall be employed on the staff of the University."

Clause 19.—We are of opinion that it is desirable that Government should have power to order at any time if it thinks necessary an audit of the University Accounts by such authority as it may direct. We have towards this end added a new sub-clause as under to this clause making the existing one as sub-clause (2).

"19. (1) Government shall have power at any time to order an audit of the accounts of the University by such auditors as it may direct."

Clause 21.—Para (1) is superfluous as the Senate's power to make, amend or repeal Statutes is already provided in sub-clause (4) (*b*) of clause 14. We have accordingly deleted the paragraph and slightly revised the second paragraph.

No new Statute made by the Senate and no amendment of an existing statue made by it should have effect until it is assented to by the Government. We have accordingly added a new sub-clause. The clause as revised by us reads as follows:—

21. (1) .....

"(2) No new Statute and no amendment or repeal of an existing Statute made by the Senate shall have effect until it is assented by the Government."

Clause 29. We have recast the second part of this clause as follows so as to make the intention clear.

"29. In case of any difficulty arising as to the first constitution or reconstitution of any authority of the University after the commencement of the operation of this Regulation or otherwise in first giving effect to its provisions, the Government may by order do anything which appears to it necessary for the purpose of removing such difficulty."

STATUTES.

Statute 1.—A provision for the convening of special meetings of the Senate on the requisition of 15 members

thereof should find a place in the First Statutes and we have accordingly added a sub-clause to Statute 1. And the statute prescribing the quorum for the meetings of the several university bodies, *viz.*, the Senate, the Council and the Academic Council, etc., has been added as Statute 2, the following Statutes being renumbered. These two additional clauses read as follows :—

"Statute 1 (*b*). The Vice-Chancellor shall convene a meeting of the Senate on the requisition of any fifteen members."

"Statute 2 The quorum for meetings of the several University authorities shall be as follows :—

The Senate	... 25
The Council	.. 7
The Academic Council	20
The other Bodies	...Half the strength of such bodies."

Statute 3.—As it has been decided to abolish the Intermediate College at Tumkur, it has been deleted from the list.

Statute 5.—We are of opinion that in cases of urgency, the Chancellor should have power to dispense with the protracted procedure prescribed in this Statute and to confer honorary degrees on the recommendation of the Council only. A proviso has accordingly been added to it at the end.

Statute 7.—This is unnecessary since it has been provided under Statute No. 2.

Statute 15.—This statute empowers the Council to give effect to Ordinances made by it even before they are submitted to the Senate. We consider that before giving effect to them they should be submitted to the Government who will have the power to disallow them or suspend their operation pending consideration by the Senate. We have accordingly inserted a proviso as follows at the end of this statute :—

".....provided that before any ordinance is brought into effect, it shall be submitted to the Government, and it shall be competent to the Government to disallow it or suspend its operation pending consideration by the Senate."

Statute 20.—The last two items (g) and (h) of this Statute are unnecessary as provision has been made therefor in Statute 10 and section 13 (8) of the Regulation. They are therefore deleted and the Statute is recast as follows :—

"20. Besides the duties assigned to it by the Regulation, the Council shall exercise the following functions:—

(*a*) award stipends, scholarships, medals, prizes and other awards in conformity with the ordinances and under the prescribed conditions;

(*b*) appoint the teachers of the University and fix their emoluments and conditions of service in accordance with rules made by the Government on this behalf;

(*c*) appoint the following among other necessary Boards and Committees:—

Boards of studies; Boards of Examiners;
Students Residence Committees;
Extension Lectures Committee;
Union Committees;
University Library Committee and the like;

(*d*) order examinations in conformity with the ordinances and appoint Examiners after considering the recommendations of the Boards of Studies and the Academic Council;

(*e*) declare the results of the examinations and recommend for degrees, honors, diplomas, licenses, certificates and other marks of distinction;

(*f*) maintain a list of graduates."

We recommend that the Bill as amended by us may be republished.

K. MATTHAN,
Chairman.

Sd. E. P. Metcalfe,
„ N. S. Subba Rao,
„ R. Ranga Rao,
„ A. R. Nageswara Iyer,
„ K. R. Srinivasa Iyengar,
„ B. Abdur Rahmon,
„ N. Channappa,
„ G. Channappa,*
„ H. B. Mylvaganam,*
„ H. C. Dasappa.

* Mr. G. Channappa and Dr. H. B. Mylvaganam have signed subject to a minute of Dissent.

MINUTES OF DISSENT.

By Mr. G. Channappa.—

I am of opinion that all the District Boards and the two City Municipalities of Bangalore City and Mysore should be allowed the privilege of electing each one representative to the Senate irrespective of the fact whether they pay any contribution or not and that all the Municipalities in every District should jointly be allowed to send a representative of their own to the Senate. This seems to be the practice elsewhere, *e.g.*, in Madras and I do not see why we should not adopt the same with advantage. Such a procedure will also tend to increase the elected non-official element in the Senate and I therefore strongly recommend that this small amendment be accepted by the Council.

By Dr. H. B. Mylvaganam—

In my opinion, the Special Committee's report needs certain alterations in view of the resolutions passed by the Senate on the Reorganisation Committee's report at the meetings held in Bangalore on the 26th, 27th and 28th September 1929, in which myself and some of the members of this Committee were present. As the elected member of the University Constituency, I feel it my duty to support the Senate's resolutions.

Clause 13 (1).—This clause was discussed at great length at one of these meetings and it was resolved among other things that the outgoing Senate should continue to exercise the privilege of electing ten members from among its members. This recommendation of the Senate has been embodied in the draft Bill in a modified form reducing the number of members from 10 to 8. But the Select Committee in its report recommends its deletion altogether from the above clause for no tangible reason whatever. This privilege has been a time-honored one enjoyed by the Senate of this University from its very inception as well as by other Indian and Western Universities. This privilege is not a mere sentimental one but involves an important principle which was lost sight of when this question was discussed in the Select Committee meeting. It is the only avenue by which a certain important class of experienced and independent members who neither

belong to the professional staff of the constituent Colleges, registered graduates constituency, the Legislative Council or the Representative Assembly, but who have held responsible posts under our Government in the past or are men of education and independent means, could enter the Senate. They form an important connecting link between the old and the new Senate to maintain a continuity of policy of the University and to guide the deliberations of the new Senate with their matured experience. Their presence in the Senate will not only add to its prestige but will also have a moderating influence on its proceedings by their independent and detached outlook on controversial matters. It is for these cogent reasons that this privilege of the Senate was retained and I see no reason to act counter to its decision. I recommend that the full number (10) as recommended by the Senate be retained. Nomination may not be accepted to many of this class of members.

The nomination of the University Librarian to the Senate as recommended by the Sadler Committee was adopted by the Senate, but it finds no place in the draft Bill or in the Committee's report. This item needs insertion.

The Reorganisation Committee and the Senate recommended that ten members be elected from among the registered graduates to the Senate, but this number has been reduced to four only by the Select Committee. This number is quite inadequate considering the importance of this constituency, which has as its members, men and women possessing University degrees. They have a better claim to be represented in the Senate in an adequate measure, in virtue of their higher educational qualifications than other political constituencies in this State. At least six members may be permitted to be elected from this constituency as mentioned in the draft Bill.

Clause 14, *Sub-Clause* (2).

In the composition of the University Council all the Principals of the constituent colleges and the Superintendent of the Maharani's College should find a place in it as resolved by the Senate. To limit the number to three only, would lead to the selection of a favoured few and to the exclusion of others however deserving. How the selection is to be made, is not at all defined. Personal factors may influence the Selection. It is important that

an administrative body like the Council should have in it all the principals of the constituent colleges and the Superintendent of the Maharani's College to represent the individual needs and requirements of each of these institutions adequately, and to facilitate administration. Otherwise important decisions may be delayed or withheld by default. Outside elements unconnected with teaching institutions will not be helpful in the administration of the University.

Item (c) *Sub-Clause* (2).

It is proposed to elect three members from and by the Senate from among its members to the Council who are not on the staff of the University. This restriction was not contemplated by the Reorganisation Committee or the Senate. Such a restriction on the choice of candidates by the Senate to the Council is ill-advised and is likely to create the impression that the professional staff of the University is lacking in the confidence of the Senate. Every member of the Senate has his or her legitimate right to be elected to the Council under this clause. It is not reasonable to penalise a member of the Senate from entering the Council on account of his being a member of the University Staff. We may rest assured that the best representative will be always selected. If it is desired to strengthen the Council with un-official elements, some other device, more pleasant and reasonable to all, should be introduced. Nomination perhaps is the least objectionable and the number increased under this head by one, and the elected members from the Senate reduced from 3 to 2.

Schedule A, First Statutes (6).

The Senate should be the final authority in conferring honorary degrees on any person by reason of eminent position and attainments. Cases of emergency necessitating the Cancellor to confer such honorary degrees on the recommendation of the Council, should be discouraged and the proviso in the Select Committee's report deleted as it deprives the Senate of an important privilege.

Subject to the above modifications, I am in full agreement with the Select Committee's report.

(As amended by the Select Committee.)

Bill to amend the Mysore University Regulation.

N.B.—Portions omitted by the Select Committee are enclosed in square brackets and portions added are printed in italics.

Whereas it is expedient to amend and consolidate the provisions of the Mysore University Regulation, V of 1916, as amended from time to time; It is hereby enacted as follows:— Preamble.

1. This Regulation may be called the Mysore University Regulation, 193 . Short Title.

2. It shall come into force [at once] *on the first day of.....193* . Commencement.

3. In this Regulation, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,— Definitions.

"Council" means the University Council;

"The Constituent Colleges" mean, the Maharaja's College, the Central College, the Engineering College the Medical College; *and such other colleges in Mysore or in Bangalore as may be declared by the Government from time to time to be constituent colleges.*

"*University*" *means the University of Mysore.*

"University Professor" means a [University] Professor *in the University* appointed as [such] *University Professor* by the Government.

THE UNIVERSITY.

4. (1) The persons who have been specified in this behalf by notification of the Government published in the official gazette as the Vice-Chancellor and Members of the Senate and of the Council and all persons who may hereafter become or be appointed as Vice-Chancellor and Members of the Senate and of the Council and of the Academic Council as hereinafter constituted so long as they continue to hold such office or membership shall be a body corporate by the name of the University of Mysore. Incorporation.

(2) The University shall have perpetual succession and a common seal and shall sue and be sued by the name first aforesaid.

(3) The University shall be deemed to be incorporated for the purposes, among others, of making provision for imparting education, literary, scientific, and artistic as well as agricultural, technical, commercial and professional, of furthering original research, of promoting the study of literature, science, art, philosophy, history, medicine and other branches of useful knowledge and of imparting physical and moral training.

Power to provide for instruction, to grant degrees, etc.

5. The University shall have power—

(*a*) to provide for instruction in such branches of learning as the University may decide and also for research and for the advancement and dissemination of knowledge,

(*b*) to grant and confer degrees and other academic distinctions to and on persons who shall have pursued a prescribed course of study in the University and shall have passed the examinations held by the University,

(*c*) to grant diplomas, certificates or other distinctions to persons who have pursued a course of study under conditions approved by the University,

(*d*) to confer honorary degrees or other distinctions,

(*e*) to withdraw or cancel degrees, diplomas, certificates or other distinctions granted or conferred, and

(*f*) to do all such other acts and things as may be required in order to further the objects of the University as a teaching and examining body.

Power to hold and to dispose of property.

6. (1) The University shall be able and capable in law to take, purchase and hold any property, movable or immoveable, which may become vested in it for the purpose of the University by purchase, grant, testamentary disposition or otherwise; and shall be able and capable in law to grant, demise, alien or otherwise dispose of, all or any of the property movable or immoveable, belonging to the University; and also to do all other acts incidental or appertaining to a body corporate.

(2) *All immovable property transferred to the University by the Government either prior to the coming into force of this Regulation or subsequent thereto shall be under the direction, management and control of the University, and applied by it as trustee subject to the provisions and for the purposes of this Regulation.*

THE CHANCELLOR.

Chancellor.

7. (1) His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore shall be the Chancellor and the highest controlling authority of the University.

(2) The Chancellor may at any time direct an inspection of the University Institutions, including buildings, laboratories and other appurtenances, generally and for the purpose of seeing that the proceedings of the University are in conformity with the Regulation, the Statutes and the Ordinances.

(3) The Chancellor may, by order in writing, annul any proceeding which is not, in his opinion, in conformity with the Regulation, the Statutes or the Ordinances:

Provided that, before making any such order, he may call upon the University to show cause why such an order should not be made, and if any cause is shown within reasonable time, may consider the same.

THE PRO-CHANCELLOR.

Pro-Chancellor.

8. The Chancellor may at any time appoint a Pro-Chancellor to exercise such powers and functions of the Chancellor as may be delegated to him by the Chancellor. The Pro-Chancellor shall, in all public functions connected with the University, take rank and precedence immediately after the Chancellor.

OFFICERS.

Officers of the University.

9. The officers of the University shall include—

(*a*) the Vice-Chancellor,

(*b*) the Registrar, *and*

(*c*) such other officers as may be provided for by the Statutes.

Vice-Chancellor.

10. (1) The Vice-Chancellor shall be appointed by, and shall hold office during the pleasure of, the Chancellor.

(2) The Vice-Chancellor shall take rank in the University next to the Pro-Chancellor and shall be *ex-officio* Chairman of the Senate, of the Council and of the Academic Council and of any committees appointed by the University of which he is a member. He shall be the principal executive Officer of the Senate, of the Council

and of the Academic Council. He shall, in the absence of the Chancellor and of the Pro-Chancellor, preside over the Convocation and confer degrees.

(3) It shall be the duty of the Vice-Chancellor to ensure that the provisions of the Regulation, the Statutes and the Ordinances are observed and carried out and he may exercise all powers necessary for this purpose.

(4) The Vice-Chancellor may, [with the sanction of the Government], take action in any emergency which in his opinion calls for immediate action. He shall, in such a case, and as soon as may be thereafter, report his action to the authority which would ordinarily have dealt with the matter.

(5) The Vice-Chancellor shall perform such *other* functions and exercise such other powers as may be defined in the Statutes and in the Ordinances.

Registrar. 11. The Registrar shall be appointed by the Government on the recommendation of the Council. He shall be the custodian of the records and of the common seal of the University on behalf of the Council. He shall act as Secretary to the Senate, to the Council and to the Academic Council and shall perform such other duties [and under such conditions] as may be prescribed by the Statutes or required, from time to time, by the Council *or by the Vice-Chancellor*.

AUTHORITIES.

Authorities. 12. The authorities of the University shall include :—

(a) the Senate,
(b) the Council,
(c) the Academic Council,
(d) the Faculties, and
(e) such other authorities as may be provided for in the Statutes.

THE SENATE.

Constitution. 13. (1) [The Senate shall consist of—

The Vice-Chancellor, and the other members of the Council mentioned in section 14,
The Registrar,
The Deans of the Faculties,
The University Professors,

Eight members elected by the outgoing Senate from among its members,
Four members elected by the Academic Council from among its members,
Six members elected by registered graduates from among themselves,
Four members elected by and from the Legislative Council,
Eight members elected by and from the Representative Assembly,
and remaining members to a total membership not exceeding 75 nominated by the Chancellor; provided that the Senate shall also include one representative each of such Municipalities and District Boards as contribute a sum of not less than Rs. 2,000 per annum to the University Fund for the general purposes of the University for a period of not less than five years, so long as the contributions continue.]

The Senate shall consist of—

CLASS I—Ex-officio Members.

(a) *The Vice-Chancellor and the other members of the Council mentioned in Section 14.*
(b) *The Registrar.*
(c) *The Deans of the Faculties.*
(d) *The University Professors.*

CLASS II—Selected Members.

(e) *Four members elected by the Academic Council from among its members.*
(f) *Four members elected by registered graduates from among themselves.*
(g) *Four members elected by and from the Legislative Council.*
(h) *Eight members elected by and from the Representative Assembly.*

CLASS III—Nominated Members.

(i) *Other members nominated by the Chancellor so as to make up along with members in classes I and II a total membership not exceeding seventy-five.*

CLASS IV—Additional Members.

(j) *One representative of each of such Municipalities, District Boards and Associations as undertake to contribute a sum of not less than Rs. 2,000 per annum for a period of not less than five years to the University Fund for the general purposes of the University so long as the contributions continue to be paid; and*

(k) *every person who contributes to the University Fund for the general purposes of the University a sum of not less than ten thousand rupees or transfers property of the like value. Every such person shall be a life member of the Senate.*

(2) The election of members of the Senate *coming under class II and the appointment of additional members under class IV* shall be subject to the approval of the Chancellor.

(3) The Chancellor may, on the representation of the Senate, cancel the appointment of any person as a member of the Senate, and as soon as such order is notified in the official gazette the said person shall cease to be a member of the Senate.

(4) The Senate shall be reconstituted every three years.

(5) *Except in such cases as are otherwise provided in the Statutes*, a member of the Senate shall hold his seat until the next reconstitution of the Senate or of the body he represents thereon, whichever takes place earlier.

(6) The Senate may institute and confer such degrees and grant such diplomas, licences, certificates and other distinctions under such conditions as may be prescribed by the Statutes and the Ordinances.

(7) The Senate shall *subject to the provisions of sections 20 and 21*, have power to make, amend or repeal Statutes, either of its own motion or on the motion of the Council and to consider or cancel Ordinances under conditions laid down by the Statutes.

(8) The Senate shall review [an] *the* annual report and the annual accounts of the University *which shall be placed before it by the Council* and shall consider the Budget according to the provisions of the Statutes.

(9) The Senate shall have power to co-operate with other Universities and authorities.

(10) The Senate shall discharge such other functions as may be assigned to it by the Regulation and the Statutes.

THE COUNCIL.

Council Function and powers.

14. (1) The executive government of the University including the general superintendence and control over the institutions of the University, shall be vested in the Council; provided that the Government may by rules framed in this behalf from time to time reserve to themselves such powers relating to the appointment, punishment, removal and leave of the officers mentioned in section 16 as they may deem fit.

Constitution.

(2) The Council shall consist of fifteen members and shall include—

(*a*) The Vice-Chancellor,

(*b*) The Director of Public Instruction in Mysore,

[The Principals of the constituent Colleges and the Superintendent of the Maharani's College, Mysore,]

(*c*) Three members elected [from and] by the Senate *from among its members who are not on the staff of the University*,

(*d*) Two members elected from and by the Academic Council,

(*e*) *Three heads of constituent colleges nominated by the Chancellor*,

(*f*) *Five other* [Three] members nominated by the Chancellor *of whom not more than one shall be employed on the staff of the University*.

(3) The Council shall be reconstituted every three years, after the reconstitution of the Senate; it shall continue to function until it is reconstituted.

(4) The Council shall have power—

(*a*) to propose Statutes for the consideration of the Senate, and

(*b*) to make Ordinances subject to the sanction of the Government provided that ordinances relating to academic matters shall not be considered by the Council except on the initiative of the Academic Council and that after consideration of academic ordinances drafted and recommended by the Academic Council, the Council shall have power to assent to, withhold assent from, to reject or to remit for further consideration by the Academic Council, such academic ordinances but not to modify them.

(5) The Council shall hold, control and administer the property *and funds* of the University.

(6) The Council shall *have the custody and shall* direct the use of the common seal of the University.

(7) The Council shall have power to accept donations and transfers of any movable or immovable property on behalf of the University.

(8) The Council shall be responsible for the maintenance of discipline in the University.

(9) The Council shall exercise such other powers and perform such other functions as may be prescribed by the Regulation, the Statutes or the Ordinances.

ACADEMIC COUNCIL.

Academic Council.

15. (1) The Academic Council shall be the academic authority in the University and shall, subject to the provisions of the Regulation, the Statutes and the Ordinances, be responsible for maintaining the standard of teaching and examination in the University.

(2) The Academic Council shall consist of—

The Vice-Chancellor,
The Director of Public Instruction in Mysore,
The Registrar,
The Principals of the Constituent Colleges,
The Superintendent of the Maharani's College, Mysore,
University Professors, Professors and *such* Assistant Professors [who] *as* are in full charge of subjects,
The Superintendents of Intermediate Colleges,
The University Librarian,
The Deans of Faculties,
Five members elected by and from the Senate,
Five members nominated by the Government.

(3) The Academic Council shall be reconstituted every three years, after the reconstitution of the Senate; it shall continue to function until it is reconstituted.

(4) The Academic Council shall have power to propose Ordinances relating to academic matters for the consideration of the University Council and to make bye-laws regarding courses, examinations and other academic matters assigned to it by the Regulation, the Statutes and the Ordinances.

(5) It shall be a function of the Academic Council to promote research within the University.

THE FACULTIES.

Faculties.

16. (1) The University shall include Faculties of Arts, Science, Engineering and Technology, *and* Medicine and such other Faculties as may from time to time be constituted by the Statutes.

Constitution.

(2) The Faculties shall be constituted every three years from among the members of the Academic Council, each member of which body shall be assigned by [that body] *it* to one or more Faculties.

(3) In addition to the members of the Academic Council assigned to the Faculties, the Academic Council shall appoint three teachers to each Faculty: and the Faculty so constituted shall have power to co-opt not more than three persons as members of the Faculty on the ground of their expert knowledge of subjects coming within the purview of the Faculty.

Function.

(4) Each Faculty shall act generally in an advisory capacity to the Academic Council in academic matters falling within its purview.

(5) The Faculties shall perform such other functions as may be prescribed by the Regulation, the Statutes and the Ordinances.

Dean.

(6) Each Faculty shall elect a Dean of that Faculty who shall preside as chairman at meetings of the Faculty and shall perform such other functions and duties as may be prescribed by the Regulation, the Statutes and the Ordinances.

THE UNIVERSITY INSTITUTIONS.

Institutions.

17. Colleges, Schools and other Institutions for study and research shall be maintained by the University according to the provisions of the Statutes.

FINANCE AND CONTROL.

University fund.

18. (1) *Subject to rules made by Government in this behalf* all grants made by the Government from time to time and all sums paid or endowments made by private persons or local authorities for the purposes of the University, together with all fees received and rents and profits and other income derived from the property and funds vested in the University shall form a fund styled the University Fund which shall be at the disposal of the

University to be employed for any of the purposes mentioned in this Regulation or in the Statutes or Ordinances.

(2) The University Fund shall be managed according to rules laid down in that behalf in the Statutes.

Powers of Government.

19. (1) *The Government shall have power at any time to order an audit of the accounts of the University by such auditors as it may direct.*

(2) If at any time the Government is of opinion that in any matter the affairs of the University are not managed in the furtherance of the objects and purposes of the University or in accordance with this Regulation and the Statutes and the Ordinances framed thereunder, or that special measures are desirable to maintain the standard of university teaching or examination, it may indicate to the Council any matter in regard to which it desires an explanation and call upon that body to offer such explanation as they desire to offer within such time as may be prescribed. If the Council fail to offer any explanation within the time prescribed or offer an explanation which in the opinion of the Government is unsatisfactory, the Government may issue such instructions as appear to it to be necessary and desirable in the circumstances of the case and may exercise such powers as may be necessary for giving effect to those instructions.

THE STATUTES.

Statutes.

20. Subject to the provisions of this Regulation, the Statutes may provide for all or any of the following matters:—

(*a*) the powers and duties of the officers of the University other than the Chancellor and the Pro-Chancellor, in so far as these are not defined in the Regulation,

(*b*) the constitution, powers and duties of the authorities of the University in so far as these are not defined in the Regulation,

(*c*) the procedure to be followed in the matter of the nomination, the election and the continuance in office of members of the University authorities and the filling up of vacancies among members, in so far as these matters are not prescribed in the Regulation; and all other matters relating to these bodies which it may be necessary or desirable to provide,

(*d*) the degrees, diplomas, licences, certificates and other academic distinctions to be awarded by the University,

(*e*) the withdrawal or cancellation of degrees, diplomas, licences, certificates and other academic distinctions,

(*f*) all such other subjects as are required or authorised by the Regulation to be prescribed by means of Statutes.

21. [Statutes shall be made, amended or repealed by the Senate either on its own motion or on the motion of the University Council.]

Procedure for making Statutes.

(1) All proposals by the Senate to make, amend or repeal Statutes shall be submitted to the Government [for assent,] with the opinion of the University Council [and where necessary, of the Academic Council,] which shall have been already submitted to the Senate; It shall be open to Government to assent *to, or* withhold assent *from such proposals* or to remit *them* for further consideration.

(2) *No new Statute and no amendment or repeal of an existing Statute made by the Senate shall have effect until it is assented to by the Government.*

First statutes.

22. The First Statutes shall be those attached as Schedule A to this Regulation.

THE ORDINANCES.

Ordinances.

23. Subject to the provisions of the Regulation and the Statutes, the Ordinances may provide for any or all of the following, among other matters:—

(*a*) the direction of academic matters relating to courses of study and examinations,

(*b*) the discipline to be required of graduates and under-graduates,

(*c*) conditions of admission to the various courses of study,

(*d*) qualifying attendance required in the various courses,

(*e*) membership of the University and the duties and privileges attached thereto,

(*f*) the payment of fees to the University in relation to the enjoyment of privileges therefrom,

(*g*) the number and designations of officers of the University, their powers and duties and the terms for which they shall hold offices in so far as these matters are not provided for in the Regulation and the Statutes,

(*h*) the appointment and the prescription of the duties of Boards of Studies and Boards of Examiners,

(*i*) all such other subjects as are required or authorised by the Regulation and the Statutes to be prescribed by means of Ordinances.

Procedure for making ordinances.

24. The procedure to be followed in making Ordinances and in amending or repealing existing Ordinances shall be according to provisions made in that behalf in the Statutes.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Subsidiary rules.

25. The Senate, the Council, the Academic Council and other bodies that may be constituted under the Regulation, the Statutes and the Ordinances, may make such subsidiary rules, and bye-laws not inconsistent with this Regulation and the Statutes and the Ordinances in force as may be required to regulate the conduct of business entrusted to them severally.

Privileges, etc., of University employees.

26. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Regulation, all Professors, Assistant Professors and other officers and servants now employed in the Colleges and other Institutions of the University and all such as may be employed hereafter for carrying on the work of the University shall, unless a reservation to the contrary is made at the time of their employment, be deemed to be officers holding appointments under the Government and shall in all respects be governed by the rules framed by the Government and in force for the time being in respect of such officers.

Acts during vacancies.

27. No act or proceedings of the Senate, the Council, the Academic Council or other body constituted under the Regulation or the Statutes or the Ordinances shall be deemed to be invalid merely by reason of any vacancy in the body doing or passing it at the time any such act or proceeding is done or passed.

TRANSITIONAL.

Continuation of present ordinances.

28. The Ordinances of the University of Mysore in force at the time of the coming into operation of this Regulation shall, so far as they may be applicable, remain

in force until they are replaced by Statutes and Ordinances to be framed under this Regulation.

Removal by Government of difficulties at the commencement of the Regulation.

29. In case of difficulty arising as to the first constitution or reconstitution of any authority of the University after the commencement of the operation of this Regulation or otherwise in *first* giving effect to its provisions, the Government may *by order do anything which appears to it necessary for the purpose of* [take such measures to] removing such difficulty. [as may appear to them necessary or desirable.]

Repeal of enactments.

30. The Regulations mentioned in Schedule B are hereby repealed.

Schedule A.

(SEE SECTION 22.)

First Statutes.

Vice-Chancellor; Power to convene meetings.

1. (*a*) The Vice-Chancellor shall have power to convene meetings of the Senate, the Council and the Academic Council and, when necessary, of any other University body.

(*b*) *The Vice-Chancellor shall convene a meeting of the Senate on the requisition of any fifteen members.*

2. *The quorum for meetings of the Several University authorities shall be as follows:—*

The Senate	...	...	*25*
The Council	...	...	*7*
The Academic Council		...	*20*
All other bodies	...	...	*Half of the strength of such bodies.*

Registrar; Powers and duties.

3. [2] The Registrar shall conduct the official correspondence of the Senate, the Council and the Academic Council. He shall issue all notices convening meetings of the Senate, the Council, the Academic Council and the Faculties. He shall be empowered to sign agreements on behalf of the Council. He shall manage the property and investments of the University and the University Fund *under the directions* [subject to the control] of the Council.

University Institutions other than constituent colleges.

4. [3] In addition to the Constituent Colleges, the University shall maintain the following teaching institutions namely,

the Intermediate College, Mysore;
the Intermediate College, Bangalore;
[the Intermediate College, Tumkur;]
the Intermediate College, Shimoga;
the Maharani's College, Mysore;
the Intermediate College for Women, Bangalore;
the Medical School, Bangalore.

Degrees.

5. [4] The University may confer the following degrees:—

Bachelor of Arts	....	(B.A.)
Bachelor of Science	....	(B.Sc.)
Bachelor of Commerce	....	(B.COM.)
Bachelor of Engineering	....	(B.E.)
Bachelor of Medicine and Surgery	....	(M.B.B.S.)
Bachelor of Teaching	....	(B.T.)
Master of Arts	....	(M.A.)
Master of Science	....	(M.Sc.)
Doctor of Philosophy	....	(Ph.D.)
Doctor of Letters	....	(D.LITT.)
Doctor of Science	....	(D.Sc.)
Doctor of Laws	....	(LL.D.)

Honorary Degrees.

Honoris Causa.

Conferment of Honorary Degrees.

6. [5] Where at a meeting of the Academic Council not less than eight members recommend that an honorary degree be conferred on any person on the ground that he is, in their opinion, by reason of eminent position and attainments, a fit and proper person to receive such a degree and where their recommendation is supported by the [University] Council and accepted by not less than two-thirds of the members present at a meeting of the Senate and is confirmed by the Chancellor, the Senate shall confer the honorary degree on such person: *Provided that in case of urgency the Chancellor may act on the recommendation of the Council only.*

Cancellation of Degrees, etc.

7. [6] Where evidence is laid before the Council showing that any person on whom a degree, diploma, license, certificate or other distinction has been conferred or granted by the Senate, has been convicted of what in the opinion of the Council is a serious offence involving moral

delinquency and where at a meeting of the Council not less than eight members recommend to the Senate that the degree, diploma, license, certificate or other distinction be cancelled and where the recommendation is accepted by not less than two-thirds of the members present at a meeting of the Senate and is confirmed by the Chancellor, the degree, diploma, license, certificate or other distinction shall be cancelled accordingly.

[University Fund.]

[7. The University Fund shall be managed by the Registrar on behalf of and under the control of the Council.]

Accounts of University Fund.

8. The Council shall cause to be maintained proper accounts relating to the University Fund.

Audit of accounts.

9. The Council shall arrange for the conduct of a detailed running audit by the Comptroller to the Government or by such other agency as may be determined by the Council of the accounts of the University including those of the institutions under it. It shall be competent to the University to make a contribution out of its funds towards the charges connected therewith.

Budget.

10. The Council shall have prepared and laid before the Senate at a meeting to be held not later than the month of April in each year accounts of receipts and expenditure of the University for the previous year ending the 30th June together with an estimate of the income and expenditure of the University for the year to commence on the 1st July following.

Senate to consider the Budget.

11. The Senate shall consider and pass resolutions on the budget estimates and shall communicate such resolutions to the Council. The Council shall take such action thereon as it thinks proper.

Budget to be submitted to the Government.

12. The budget estimates, after such consideration by the Senate and review by the Council shall be submitted to Government; and it shall be competent to Government to sanction the budget estimates with such modifications if any as they may deem fit.

Ordinances.

13. (i) Ordinances shall be of two kinds—

(*a*) academic

(*b*) administrative.

Procedure relating to making, amending and repealing.

(ii) Ordinances dealing with academic matters such as courses of study, examinations and the promotion of research shall be deemed to be academic ordinances.

(iii) Ordinances dealing with administrative matters such as elections, audits, inspections, fees, scholarships, free-studentships and such other matters as may be necessary for carrying on the administration shall be deemed to be administrative ordinances.

(iv) In the event of doubt arising as to the category in which an ordinance or a proposed ordinance should fall, the matter shall be decided in each such case by the ruling of the Vice-Chancellor.

Academic ordinances.

14. (1) Proposals to make new academic ordinances or to amend or repeal existing academic ordinances shall originate with the Academic Council. Such proposals as may be accepted by the Academic Council shall be forwarded to the Council, which may assent *to or* withhold assent *from such proposals* or remit them for further consideration.

(2) [Provided that] The Council may, in case of urgency, dispose of academic matters which cannot wait. The Council shall, in such cases, report its action to the Academic Council at its next meeting. It shall be open to the Academic Council, to cancel such action, but without retrospective effect.

Administrative Ordinances.

15. Proposals to make new administrative ordinances or to amend or repeal existing administrative ordinances shall originate with the Council. The Council may proceed to make and to bring into effect from such date as the Council may appoint any Ordinance, whether originating with the Council or with the Academic Council *provided that before any ordinance is brought into effect it shall be submitted to the Government and it shall be competent to the Government to disallow it or suspend its operation pending consideration by the Senate.*

Ordinances to be considered by the Senate.

16. All Ordinances passed by the Council shall be submitted to the Senate at the next meeting of the Senate for consideration provided that a member of the Senate may give notice of a proposition in the nature of an Ordinance, [Academic or otherwise,] which may be referred by the Senate, with or without discussion, to the Council or to the Academic Council, as the case may be: and the latter shall proceed with the proposition as in the case of a proposal initiated by itself.

Academic Ordinances to be submitted to the Senate.

17. All proposals relating to Ordinances forwarded by the Academic Council to the Council, whether approved

by the latter or not, shall be submitted to the Senate at the next regular meeting of the Senate.

Procedure of Senate in regard to Ordinances.

18. The Senate may deal with Ordinances or proposals in respect of Ordinances submitted to it by the Council in any one of the following ways:—

(*a*) the Senate may assent;

(*b*) the Senate may cancel by a two-thirds majority of the members present at the meeting at the time of voting;

(*c*) the Senate may by a two-thirds majority of the members present at the meeting at the time of voting remit for further consideration, with or without suggestion for amendment;

(*d*) in the case of proposals affecting Ordinances emanating from the Academic Council and submitted by the Council in respect of which there is disagreement between the Academic Council and the Council [including cases of rejection or of withholding assent by the Council,] it shall be open to the Senate to assent or not to assent; but not to amend.

Assent of Government to proposals relating to Ordinances necessary.

19. Ordinances which have received the assent of the Senate, or which have not been cancelled or remitted by it for further consideration shall be submitted to the Government *who may sanction or reject or remit them for further consideration.* [for sanction or remission for further consideration.]

Council duties of.

20. Besides the duties assigned to it by the Regulation, the Council *shall exercise the following functions :—*

(*a*) [shall] award stipends, scholarships, medals, prizes and other awards in conformity with the Ordinances and under the prescribed conditions;

(*b*) [shall] appoint the teachers of the University and fix their emoluments and conditions of service in accordance with rules made by the Government on this behalf;

(*c*) [shall] appoint the following, among other necessary Boards and Committees:—

Boards of Studies, Boards of Examiners, Students Residence Committees, Extension Lectures Committee, Union Committees, University Library Committee and the like;

(*d*) [shall] order examinations in conformity with the Ordinances and appoint examiners after considering

the recommendations of the Boards of Studies and the Academic Council;

(*e*) [shall] declare the results of the examinations and recommend for degrees, honours, diplomas, licences, certificates and other marks of distinction;

(*f*) [shall] maintain a list of graduates;

[(*g*) shall frame the financial estimates of the University and submit them to the Senate;]

[(*h*) shall submit the annual accounts and an annual report to the Senate.]

Academic Council, duties of.

21. The Academic Council—

(*a*) shall make proposals for the organisation of courses of instruction in the University and shall be responsible for teaching work in the University and in general for purely academic questions;

(*b*) shall have control and general regulation of the standards of instruction, education and examination;

(*c*) shall make proposals for the conduct of University examinations and shall recommend to the Council the appointment of examiners;

(*d*) shall advise the Council in regard to students' fees for instruction and examination; and in regard to all subjects relating to teaching, examination and academic discipline;

(*e*) shall co-operate with other Universities or with Inter University organizations in such work as is germane to the University.

Schedule B.

(SEE SECTION 30.)

Year.	*Number*	*Short title.*	*Extent.*
1916 ...	V	The Mysore University Regulation.	The whole.
1919 ...	II	Regulation to amend the Mysore University Regulation, 1916.	Do
1923 ...	XIV	Do	Do
1925 ..	I	Do	Do
1927 ...	III	Do	Do
1928 ...	II	Do	Do